

JOERG HAMPEL

- ❑ 25 years of writing SW for a living
- ❑ Started using LabVIEW in 2007
- ❑ Founded HSE around 2015/2016

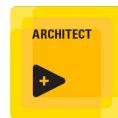
Talk to me about

- ❑ Working in small teams
- ❑ Working in fixed-price scenarios
- ❑ Process & workflow standardisation/automation
- ❑ Inner Source and Open Source with and in LabVIEW



CREATE BETTER SOFTWARE!

We work with teams of developers to **increase** the **quality** of their software through **improved** development **processes**.





Global Consultant Impact Award 2025



SMALL COMPANY, BIG THREATS

Cyber Security for the Rest of Us



DISCLAIMER



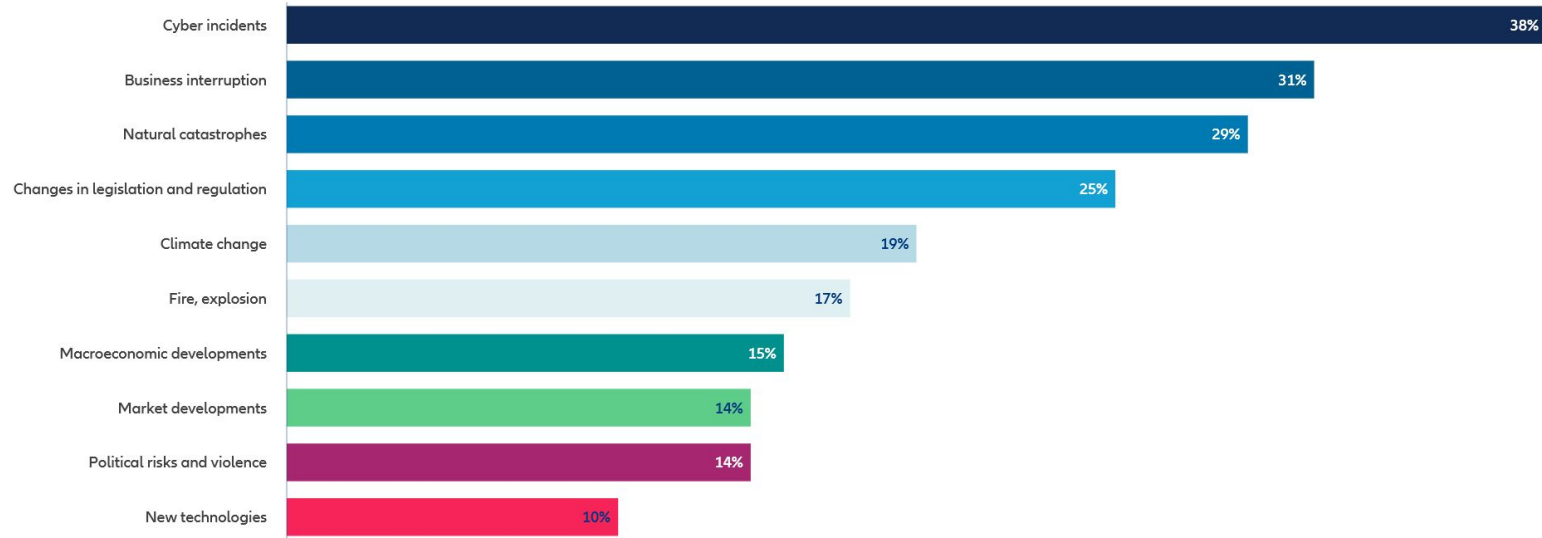
**This guy?
Not a lawyer!**

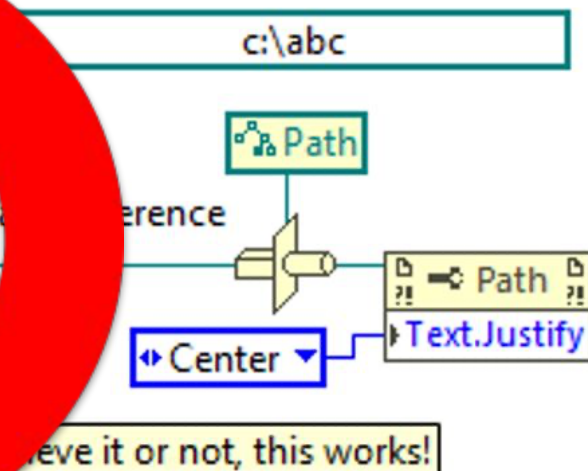
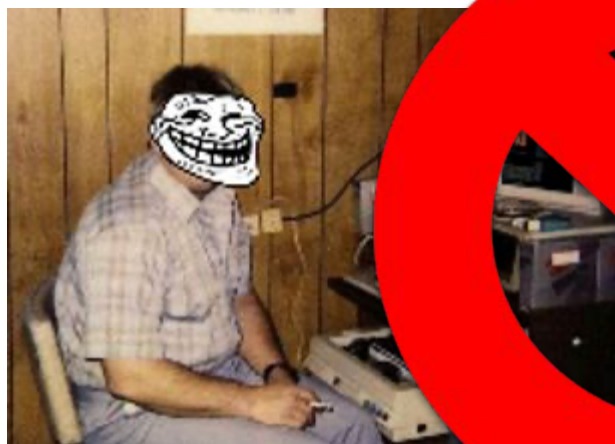


The most important business risks in 2025: global

Allianz Risk Barometer 2025

Figures represent the number of risks selected as a percentage of all survey responses from 3,778 respondents. All respondents could select up to three risks per industry, which is why the figures do not add up to 100%.







**GUESSED
PASSWORD**

Weak password allowed hackers to sink a 150-year-old company

Transport company KNP forced to shut down after international hacker gangs target thousands of UK businesses.

2 days ago

[BBC, Reuters, The Guardian]

Leading crypto firm Coinbase faces up to \$400m hit from cyber attack

The firm says hackers have obtained customer information by paying off employees.

**BRIBED
EMPLOYEES**



[BBC, Reuters, The Guardian]

Threat Intelligence

**INJECT
BACKDOOR**

Highly Evasive Attacker Leverages SolarWinds Supply Chain to Compromise Multiple Global Victims With SUNBURST Backdoor

December 13, 2020

Mandiant

[FireEye Google Bloc]

**EXPLOIT
VULNERABILITY**

WSJ PRO

The Log4j Vulnerability: Millions of Attempts Made Per Hour to Exploit Software Flaw

Hundreds of millions of devices are at risk, U.S. officials say; hackers could use the bug to steal data, install malware or take control

[The Wall Street Journal]

Test your knowledge: Secret Service or CyberSec jargon?



CRA



EU Cyber Resilience Act

NIK



Nemzeti Információs Központ
(Hungarian National Information Center)

NCSC



National Cyber Security Centre (UK)

BSI



**Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der
Informationstechnik
(Federal Office for Information Security)**

ZTNA



Zero Trust Network Architecture

ASIS



**Australian Secret Intelligence
Service**

ISMS



**Information Security Management
System**

How our CS journey started



Cybersecurity Claus...



1



2



3



Annex [xyz]

Cybersecurity Clauses (Light) for Suppliers

Scope and Applicability

In addition to the duties and obligations of the Parties identified and described in the Agreement, the Parties hereby agree that the following Cybersecurity Clauses (Light) Annex ("Annex") applies to the Services provided by Supplier to [REDACTED] ("Customer") under the terms of the Agreement. To the extent of any conflict between the Agreement and this Annex regarding cybersecurity content, this Annex prevails.

Definitions

"Agreement" means any agreement, purchase order, contract or statement of work between Supplier and Customer that includes or refers to this Annex.

"API" means application programming interface.

"Customer Data" means information or data (including personal data), media or other content which is obtained, generated, exchanged, collected stored or processed on behalf of Customer and/or its end users in connection with the Services.

"CVSS" means the latest version of the Common Vulnerability Scoring System released by FIRST.Org, Inc.

"Cybersecurity Assessment" means Supplier's completed response of its adherence to Customer's cybersecurity requirements, including the requirements of this Annex.

"Cybersecurity Measures" mean any additional cybersecurity measures (as a result of a Cybersecurity Assessment or otherwise) mutually defined and agreed between the Parties, including due dates which Supplier must implement those agreed measures. The Cybersecurity Measures are an integral part of the Agreement.

"Good Industry Practice" means state of the art information security practices which are performed with the degree of skill, care, diligence, prudence, timeliness, efficiency and foresight of a skilled, experienced and professionally managed supplier providing products and/or services identical or similar to the Services, including but not limited to performance consistent with the ISO 20000 and ISO 27000 series, further technical standards according to applicability (e.g. IEC 62443, ISAE 3406, NIST Cybersecurity Framework, NIST SP 800-X, BSI IT-Grundschutz, PCI-DSS) and secure coding standards (e.g. OWASP).

"Information System" means a discrete set of information resources necessary to directly or indirectly perform the Services which is organized for collecting, processing, maintaining, using, sharing, disseminating, or disposing information. Such resources include but are not limited to IT systems.

Are these really applicable to us?

3. PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY

Supplier must:

- a) ensure safeguards are in place for physical security perimeters, including Third-Party's premise;
- b) ensure video cameras are used to monitor physical access to Supplier and Third-Party's facility, including secure areas;
- c) protect Supplier and Third-Party's secure areas with adequate entry and exit controls by only allowing authorized personnel to access to those areas; and
- d) implement environmental security controls.

AutoSave

Hampel Software Engineering - TPRM Questionnaire - v6.1

Search (Cmd + Ctrl + U)

HomeInsertDrawPage LayoutFormulasDataReviewViewAutomate

CommentsShare

AC69

SELF ASSESSMENT INSTRUCTIONS... Please fill out the the tabs with appropriate information / answers as following:

1. COVER Tab

Third Party Cybersecurity Assessment Report

Assessment completed by: [redacted]
Assessment performed by: [redacted] (PM Auditor Assigned)
Third Party Name: [redacted]
Third Party Point of Contact Email: [redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

DISCLAIMER: The statements and particulars provided by the Supplier in the [redacted] PM Workbook are true and that no material facts have been misstated. A material fact is one which would influence the acceptance or assessment of the risk.

Fill out appropriate Third-Party information

2. Third Party PROFILE tab

SUPPLIER INFORMATION

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Supplier Name | |
| Address | |
| City | |
| State | |
| Service Location | |
| Service Contract | |
| Contract | |
| Email Address | |

Fill out appropriate Third-Party information

Assess

Comments

Fill out appropriate answers and comments

3. TPM QUESTIONNAIRE tab

TO BE FILLED OUT BY THE THIRD PARTY

| Control | Question | Yes / No / Partially / Not Applicable | Assess Details | Evidence / Supportive Documentation | Answers & Evidence |
|---------|--|---------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1.1 | Does the supplier have an information security policy? | | | | |
| 1.2 | Does the supplier have an information security policy that is approved by senior management? | | | | |
| 1.3 | Does the supplier have an information security policy that is approved by senior management? | | | | |
| 1.4 | Does the supplier have an information security policy that is approved by senior management? | | | | |

Select the answer: Yes / No / Partially / Not Applicable.

Describe explanations to support the provided answer. If 'Not applicable' is select, provide a rationale indicating why the control presented in the question should not be applicable.

Indicate appropriate evidence or references supporting the answer, such as: file, document, screenshot, policies, procedures, network & data flow diagrams, recent PEN Test results, remediation efforts & resolution, Current Security Certifications, and independent audit reports (e.g., SSAE -18 SOC 2 Type II, ISAE 3402 SOC 2 Type II).

Indicate appropriate third party responsible (Name, role) for the control presented in the question.

4. XaaS TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE tab (only for XaaS providers)

KEYS - GENERAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

| Control | Question | Yes / No / Partially / Not Applicable | Assess Details | Evidence / Supportive Documentation | Answers & Evidence |
|---------|--|---------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1.1 | Does the supplier provide a public API for integration with additional third-party applications? | | | | |
| 1.2 | Does the supplier provide a public API for integration with additional third-party applications? | | | | |
| 1.3 | Does the supplier provide a public API for integration with additional third-party applications? | | | | |
| 1.4 | Does the supplier provide a public API for integration with additional third-party applications? | | | | |

Select the answer: Yes / No.

Fill out appropriate comments if applicable to support the answer provided

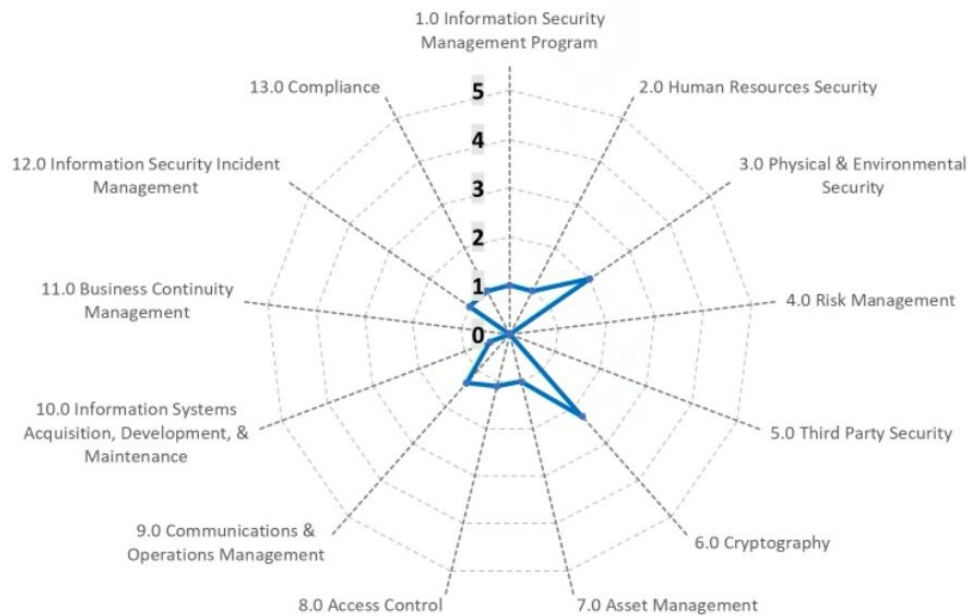
Answering Examples:

Self-assessment InstructionsCOVERThird Party ProfileTPRM Questionnaire

ReadyAccessibility: Investigate

Are these ***REALLY*** applicable to us?

| 2 | Domain # | Domain | Control Objective | Questionnaire |
|---|----------|------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | | | |
| 5 | 2 | 2.0 Human Resources Security | 2.2 Screening | <p>Does the organization conduct pre-employment screening or background checks prior to commencement of employment?</p> <p><i>- Provide the appropriate documentation (procedure) indicating process and criteria utilized within the organization when conducting background checks for employees and non-employees under relevant laws, regulations, ethics, drugs, criminal, business requirements, information to be accessed, and the perceived risk.</i></p> |



Maturity Levels (see Appendix A for definitions)

- 5 – Optimizing
- 4 – Quantitatively Managed
- 3 – Defined
- 2 – Managed
- 1 – Initial
- 0 – Non-existent



Center of
Excellence



Global Consultant Impact Award 2025



A more strategic approach

What is out there?

- ❑ Legislation
 - ❑ European Union Cyber Resilience Act
- ❑ Organisations
 - ❑ BSI
 - ❑ NIST
- ❑ Standards and Frameworks
 - ❑ ISO 27001 (international standard)
 - ❑ NIST
 - ❑ Cybersecurity Framework 2.0 (private sector)
 - ❑ Special Publication 800-53 (federal sector)
 - ❑ Special Publication 1300 (system engineers and developers in SME)
 - ❑ BSI-200 (German federal guidelines)

EU Cyber Resilience Act (CRA)

- ❑ Mandatory security/design standards for digital products (software, hardware, IoT) sold in EU
 - ❑ All products with "digital elements" — hardware and software
- ❑ Binding regulations with fines for non-compliance
 - ❑ High-Impact Violations: €15 million or 2.5% of global annual turnover (whichever is higher)
- ❑ Applies extraterritorially to any product placed on EU market
 - ❑ Yes, also those coming from the US!

EU Cyber Resilience Act (CRA)

- ❑ Take cybersecurity into account
 - ❑ During development, including risk assessments, secure design (e.g., encryption, minimal attack surfaces), and secure defaults (e.g., no weak passwords, auto-updates). Mandatory vulnerability management and SBOM creation.
- ❑ Prove requirements
 - ❑ A declaration of conformity is required. For most products this is a self-assessment by the manufacturer, for a few it is an assessment by a 3rd party body.
- ❑ Disclose vulnerabilities
 - ❑ A single platform will be set up for reporting exploited vulnerabilities and major security incidents. All reports must be submitted through it.
- ❑ Secure during the entire support period
 - ❑ Security updates must be made available to the end user and vulnerabilities must be handled throughout the entire product life cycle. This support period is generally 5 years.

CRA equivalents in the US? There are none!

- ❑ Cyber Incident Reporting for Critical Infrastructure Act (CIRCI, 2022)
- ❑ CISA / NIST-led voluntary frameworks and policies
- ❑ Executive Order 14028 (Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity, 2021)
- ❑ Federal Information Security Modernization Act (FISMA, 2014)
- ❑ Sector-specific and proposed legislation
 - ❑ HIPAA (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act)

ISO 27001

- ❑ International standard for Information Security Management Systems
 - ❑ ISMS
- ❑ Released in 2005, revisions in 2013 and 2022
- ❑ Organizations can get certified against ISO 27001
- ❑ International recognition
- ❑ No easy guidelines to help to implement it
- ❑ Hard to implement for small companies

NIST Cybersecurity Framework 2.0

- ❑ Broad high-level guidance for improving cybersecurity across various sectors
- ❑ Released in 2024 (version 2.0)
- ❑ No official certification
- ❑ Flexible, provides guidelines and best practices

BSI Grundschatz (baseline protection)

- ❑ Includes standards like BSI 200-1, 200-2, 200-3
- ❑ Guidelines provided by the German Federal Office for Information Security
- ❑ Focus on implementing an ISMS
- ❑ **Comprehensive guidance** and modular, risk-based approach
- ❑ Lots of **training resources**, guidelines, and examples (also in English!)
- ❑ Integration with IT-Grundschatz (baseline protection) methodology
- ❑ Can be used as the basis for an **ISO 27001** certification

What is an ISMS?

- ❑ A **structured set** of policies and procedures that define how your company manages and protects information security
- ❑ It typically includes **documentation** on assets, roles and responsibilities, risk assessments, access controls, incident response plans, business continuity measures, and compliance requirements
- ❑ The ISMS ensures a **systematic approach** to safeguarding company data and responding to security threats

The HSE ISMS

Für mich freigegeben > ... > Cyber-Security > ISMS ▾ 👤

Typ ▾

Personen ▾

Geändert ▾

Quelle ▾

Name ↑

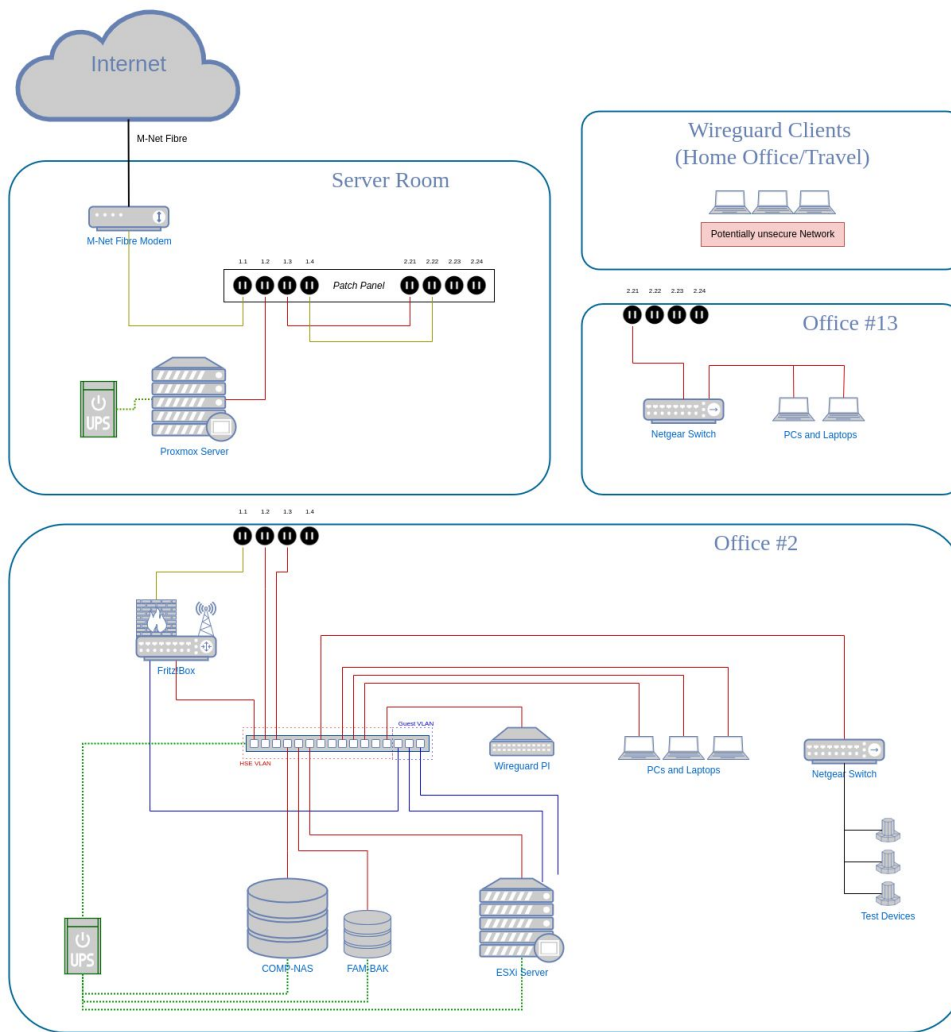
☰ 01 Security Guideline 👤

📄 02 Structure Analysis.docx 👤

☰ 03 Protection Requirements 1 👤

☰ 04 Modelling 👤

☰ 05 IT-Grundschutz-Check 👤



1. Business Processes

GP = Geschäftsprozess

| Identifier | Name (Type) | Description | Responsible Employee |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| GP01 | SW development (core process) | We write SW for others to use. | Developer Team |
| GP02 | Consulting (core process) | Give training, code reviews, workshops, consulting in general. | Developer Team |
| GP03 | Accounting & HR | We prepare the basics, then the tax consultant finalizes it. | HR Team |

2. Used Software

2.1 Applications

| Identifier | Name | Description | Count | Responsible Employee |
|------------|---------------|---|-------|----------------------|
| A001 | Microsoft 365 | Office SW, E-Mail, collaboration, Sharepoint (not used). Versions for web use, Windows, macOS, iOS, Android | 9 | All Employees |
| A002 | NI LabVIEW | Development Environment (VM) | 6 | Development Team |
| A003 | 1Password | Password Manager | 9 | All Employees |
| A004 | Toggl (cloud) | Time tracking | 9 | All Employees |

3. IT Systems & Infrastructure

3.1 IT Systems

| ID | System Type | Description | Location | Status |
|-------|-------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| IT001 | Personal Laptops | Everybody's workstation | On-premises / home office | Operational |
| IT002 | Proxmox VM Server | Hosting Proxmox VMs | Server Room | Operational |
| IT003 | ESXI Server | Hosting VMware VMs | Office #2 | Operational |
| IT004 | Comp-NAS | Synology DS716+II, data storage | Office #2 | Operational |
| IT005 | Comp-BAK | Synology DS214+, Backup | Office #2 | Operational |

02 Structural Analysis: Used Software

Tabelle +

| □ + | ≡ Id | ≡ Name | ≡ Description | # Count | 🔍 Verantwortlich | → Dependent |
|-----|------|---------------|--|---------|-----------------------|------------------|
| 1 | SW1 | Microsoft 365 | Office SW, E-Mail, collaboration, Sharepoint (not used). | 9 | All Employees | SW development (|
| 2 | SW2 | NI LabVIEW | Development Environment. | 6 | Development | SW development (|
| 3 | SW3 | 1Password | Password Manager | 9 | All Employees | IT Management |
| 4 | SW4 | Toggl | Cloud service for time tracking. | 9 | All Employees | SW development (|
| 5 | SW5 | Zenkit | Cloud service for project management. | 9 | All Employees | SW development (|
| 6 | SW6 | Dokuwiki | Self hosted wiki system for information management and | 9 | All Employees | SW development (|
| 7 | SW7 | Slack | Team communication. | 9 | All Employees | SW development (|
| 8 | SW8 | Wireguard | VPN application for multiple operating systems. | 5 | Development Marketing | SW development (|
| 9 | SW9 | GitLab | Git source code management and DevOps. Hosted and | 6 | Development | SW development (|
| 10 | SW10 | Git Fork | Windows client for Git. | 6 | Development | SW development (|

Protection Levels

Potential loss is independent of downtime - those are separate cases.

- **Normal**

Business processes will be affected only insignificantly at best.

Potential financial loss is less than €2,500.

Downtime of more than 24h is acceptable.

- **High**

Business processes will be affected significantly.

Potential financial loss is between €2,500 and €10,000.

Downtime of up to 24h is acceptable.

- **Very High**

Business processes are severely impaired.

Potential financial loss is over €10,000.

Downtime of more than 2h is not acceptable.

Reference: <https://www.bsi.bund.de/dok/10990064>

3. IT Systems

| ID | Protection Level & Requirements | Reason |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| IT001 Personal Laptops | Confidentiality: Very High | The laptops can store personal data, sensitive business data and sensitive customer data. |
| | Integrity: High | Security vulnerabilities or malicious patches can impair business data and software for customers. |
| | Availability: High | Laptops are our primary working device. |
| IT002 Proxmox Server | Confidentiality: Very High | Virtual machines on the server can contain all sorts of sensitive business and customer data. |
| | Integrity: High | Incorrect data can usually be easily detected. |
| | Availability: Normal | We have no business critical applications on the server or in the hosted VMs. |
| IT003 ESXI Server | Confidentiality: Very High | Virtual Machines can contain sensitive data (currently being phased out). It is also planned to do accounting tasks in a VM. |
| | Integrity: Very High | Accounting data will need to have high integrity. |
| | Availability: High | Accounting data will need to have availability.. |

HSE Logger Extensions

HSE Open Branches Tool

HSE PLC-Com

HSE State-Machine Parser

HSE Translator

HSE User Access Control

Release Automation Tools

Developer

Installation

Tools

SCC Version Manager

Help Provider

HSE Config Editor

HSE Device Configurator

HSE Event Manager Pro

HSE GenDAQ

SystemLink HTTP API

Knowledge Base

01 Better Practices

11 Common

12 Source Code Control

20 NI Tools

21 NI LabVIEW

22 Frameworks for LabVIEW

23 Toolkits for LabVIEW

24 NI Real-Time

25 NI FPGA

26 NI Hardware

27 NI TestStand

31 Embedded Control Devices

32 Production

33 IoT

34 Automated Optical Inspecti

35 Misc. Hardware

41 Project Management

42 Accounting

HSE Courses

Unit Test

Projects

System Requirements

| Component | Requirement |
|-------------------|---|
| Processor | Pentium 4M (or equivalent) or later (32-bit), Pentium 4 G1 (or equivalent) or later (64-bit) |
| RAM | 1 GB |
| Screen Resolution | 1024 x 768 pixels |
| Disk Space | 5 GB (includes default drivers) |
| LabVIEW Version | LabVIEW 2020 – 2024Q3 (x32 or x64) |
| Operating System | Windows, Linux (tested with RHEL8) |
| Dependencies | G CLI, git, VI Analyzer Toolkit, VI Package Manager, VIPM Pro license required for VIPM API (rat-initializr and rat-vipbuilder), Ruby and AsciiDoctor and either a kroki server or java and graphviz (rat-documentr) |
| CI/CD Integration | Compatible with Git-based systems, including GitLab CI/CD, GitHub, and Azure DevOps |

Edit

Undue Risk Software

In accordance with the requirements mentioned in Department of Homeland Security, CISA, Secure Software Development Attestation Form Instructions pertaining to Executive Order 14028:

As of June 2025, we are **not** using any software in our RAT that present an undue risk.

Edit

Software Bill of Materials (SBOM)

- **Version:** v4.2.2
- **Date Created:** 07.07.2025
- **SBOM Format:** Custom

This document is provided "as-is" and may require updates with future releases. It may not reflect changes made after the above-mentioned date.

Conclusion



Cannot recommend.

Joerg H.

Difficulties

- ❑ Know-How: Full ISO certification requires a dedicated cybersecurity expert
 - ❑ Someone who continuously keeps ISMS updated
- ❑ Compliance: Every employee must comply
 - ❑ CEO has responsibility
- ❑ Standards: Hard to read, understand and implement
 - ❑ Bureaucratic legalese
- ❑ Resources: Daily business vs. CS work
 - ❑ “Organisational debt / wealth”

Status

- ❑ We're right in the middle of things
- ❑ 50% of BSI Grundschutz implemented
 - ❑ Goal: Finalize by the end of this year
- ❑ ISO 27001 certification
 - ❑ Goal: Audit in 2026

Resources

❑ Cyber Resilience Act

❑ <https://digital-strategy.ec.europa.eu/en/policies/cyber-resilience-act>

❑ ISO/IEC 27001:2022

❑ <https://www.iso.org/standard/27001>

❑ NIST SP 800-53

❑ <https://csrc.nist.gov/pubs/sp/800/53/r5/upd1/final>

❑ BSI Grundschutz

❑ https://www.bsi.bund.de/EN/Themen/Unternehmen-und-Organisationen/Standards-und-Zertifizierung/IT-Grundschutz/it-grundschutz_node.html

❑ BSI Certification

❑ https://www.bsi.bund.de/EN/Themen/Unternehmen-und-Organisationen/Standards-und-Zertifizierung/Zertifizierung-und-Anerkennung/zertifizierung-und-anerkennung_node.html

..IT'S OK TO HAVE FUN!!

